

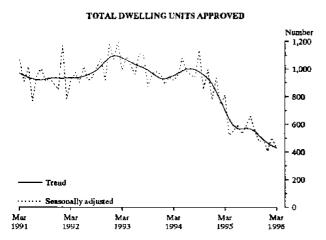


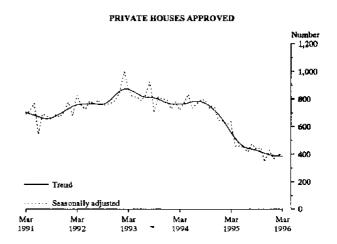
## **BUILDING APPROVALS, SOUTH AUSTRALIA, MARCH 1996**

#### **MAIN FEATURES**

#### NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

	March 1995	February 1996	March 1996	March 1995 to March1996 change	February 1996 to March 1996 change
Original series	913	486	437	-52.1%	-10.1%
Seasonally adjusted	812	504	430	-47.0%	-14.7%
Trend estimate	700	445	430	-38.6%	-3.2%





### Residential building

- The trend for the total number of dwelling units approved in March fell 3.2%. This follows declines of 4.1% in February and 5.1% in January.
- The trend for the number of private sector houses approved rose 0.2%. This is the first increase since July 1994. This series will continue its upward movement next month unless the seasonally adjusted estimate for April falls by more than 4%.
- In original (unadjusted) figures the total number of dwelling units approved was 437. Of the total, 388 were private house approvals.

- The value of new residential building approved fell 7.8% from \$39.6 million in February to \$36.5 million this month.
- The value of alterations and additions to residential buildings was \$11.4 million this month.

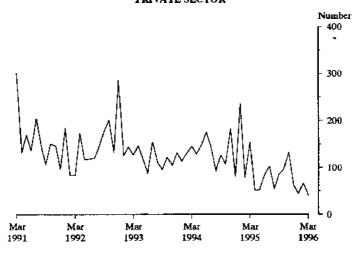
#### Non-residential building

The value of non-residential projects approved was \$49.9 million. There were 2 projects in the \$5 million and over category and 8 projects in the \$1 million to \$5 million category. Of the total, offices accounted for \$17.6 million and other business premises work approved was valued at \$8.8 million.

### **INQUIRIES**

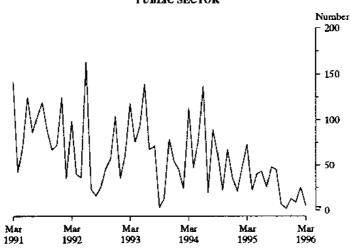
- for more information about statistics in this publication and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact Damian Sparkes on Adelaide (08) 237 7590 or any ABS State Office.
- for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the back of this publication.

## NEW OTHER RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS APPROVED PRIVATE SECTOR

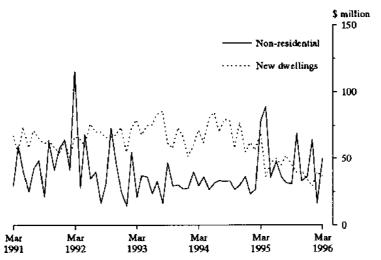


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## TOTAL DWELLING UNITS APPROVED PUBLIC SECTOR



#### VALUE OF BUILDING WORK APPROVED



#### RELIABILITY OF CONTEMPORARY TREND ESTIMATES

The tables below present trend estimates of selected building approvals series for the six months October 1995 to March 1996.

Analysis of building approvals series has shown that the original series can be volatile and that the initial estimates of a month's trend value can be revised substantially. In particular, some months can elapse before a turning point in the trend series is identified reliably. Generally, the size of revisions to the trend estimates tends to be larger, the greater the volatility of the original series. Revisions to trend estimates will also occur with revisions to original data and re-estimation of seasonal adjustment factors. See paragraphs 21 to 23 of the Explanatory Notes for more information.

To illustrate the possible impact of future months observations on the trend estimates for the latest months, the tables below show the revisions to the trend estimates which would result if the movements in the seasonally adjusted estimates for next month (April 1996) were to equal the average absolute monthly percentage change in the series over the last ten years.

For example, if the seasonally adjusted estimate for the number of private sector houses approved (the first table below) were to increase by 10% in April 1996, the trend estimate for that month would be 412, a movement of 2.0%. The movements in the trend estimates for January, February and March which are currently estimated to be -1.6%, -0.9% and 0.2% respectively, would be revised to -0.7%, 0.9% and 1.7%. On the other hand, a 10% seasonally adjusted decline in the number of private sector houses approved in April 1996 would produce a trend estimate for March of 380, a movement of -0.8%, with the movements in the trend estimates for January, February and March being revised to -1.9%, -1.2% and -0.9% respectively.

## NUMBER OF PRIVATE SECTOR HOUSES APPROVED RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

			Revised trend estimate if April 1996 seasonally adjusted estimate						
	Tren	d estimate	is up 10%	on March 1996	is down 10% on March 1996				
	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month			
1995—			· ·						
October	420	-2.1	419	2.4	420	-2.0			
November	408	-2.9	406	-3.1	408	-2.8			
December	398	-2.4	397	-2.2	398	-2.5			
1996—									
January	391	1.6	394	-Q.7	391	-1.9			
February	388	-0,9	398	0.9	386	-1.2			
March	389	0.2	404	1.7	383	-0.9			
April	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	412	2.0	380	-0.8			

## TOTAL NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

			Revised trend estimate if April 1996 seasonally adjusted estimate						
	Tren	d estimate	is up 11%	on March 1996	is down 11	% on March 1996			
	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month			
1995									
October	550	-3,4	549	-3.5	551	3.1			
November	519	-5.7	517	-5,8	521	-5.6			
December	489	~5.8	488	-5.7	489	-6.0			
1996—									
January	464	5.1	466	-4.4	462	-5.7			
February	445	-4.1	454	-2.4	440	-4.7			
March	430	3.2	449	-1.2	422	-4.1			
April	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	453	0.9	412	-2.3			

TABLE 1. DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

	Ν	ew houses		New other i	residential build	tings	_	Total (u)		
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Conversions, etc.	Private sector	Public sector	Tota
			ADEL	AIDE STAT	STICAL DIV	/ISION				
1992-93	6,843	352	7,195	1,647	386	2,033	20	8,510	738	9.248
1993-94	6,587	401	6,988	1,342	286	1,628	15	7,944	687	8,631
1994-95	5,256	384	5,640	1,213	120	1,333	59	6,515	517	7,032
1994-95 July-March	4,333	293	4,626	1,056	112	1,168	51	5,427	418	5,845
1995-96 July-March	2,253	150	2.403	573	29	602	<b>4</b> 1	2,867	179	3,046
1995—										
January	332	17	349	227	4	231		559	21	580
February	347	41	388	68		68	1	416	41	457
March	444	66	510	126	4	130	2	572	70	642
April	264	22	286	40		40	5	309	22	331
May	329	28	357	45	6	51	3	377	34	413
June	330	41	371	72	2	74		402	43	445
July	284	18	302	92	8	100	3	379	26	405
August	353	44	397	33	4	37	4	390	48	438
September	275	30	305	74	15	89	24	373	45	418
October	263	7	270	90		90	_	353	7	360
November	212	2	214	110		110		322	2	324
December	202	12	214	51	_	51	5	258	12	270
1996—									_	
January	197	7	204	42	2	44	1	240	9	249
February	243	25	268	50		50	]	294	25	319
March	224	5	229			31	3	258	5	263
				SOUTH A	USTRALIA					
1002.02	9.710	377	10,087	1,809	416	2,225	29	11,548	793	12,341
1992-93 1993-94	9,470	431	9,901	1,559	299	1,858	18	11.046	731	11,777
1993-94 1994-95	7,757	390	8,147	1,387	151	1,538	77	9,208	554	9,762
1994-95									4.49	11 6146
July-March	6,348	297	6.645	1,202	139	1,341	60	7,597	449	8,04€
1995-96 July-March	3,683	151	3,834	682	29	711	52	4,417	180	4,597
1995								753	21	774
January	515	17	532	237	4	241	- ì	753	21	679
February	553	45	598	78	2	80		632	47	
March	681	66	747	154	7	161	5	840	73	913
April	403	22	425	50	_	50		459	22	48]
May	493	30	523	52	10	62		549	40	589
June	513	41	554	83	2	85		603	43	646 576
July	445	18	463	102	В	110		550	26	
August	564	44	608	54	4	58		623	48	671 592
September	437	30	467	85	15	100		547	45	519 519
October	415	7	422	96	-	96		512	7	
November	388	2	390	133	_	133		525	2	527
December	354	13	367	61	_	<b>6</b> 1	6	421	13	434
/996-					_			34/	n	353
January	299	7	306	44	2	46		346	9	353 486
February	393	25	418	66	_	66		461	25	
March	388	5	393	41		41	3	432	5	431

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 10-12 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 2. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED
(\$ million)

		Houses		Other res	idential b	uildings		Total		Alterations and additions to	Non-residential building	Total by	alding	
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Tota
					ADEL	AIDE ST	ATISTIC	AL DIVIS	SION					
1992-93	500.9	20.6	521.6	98.0	19.1	117.1	598.9	39.7	638.6	111.4	132.8	345.9	840.8	1,096.0
1993-94	494.3	25.7	520.0	86.3	17.0	103.3	580.6	42.7	623.3	98.7	167.2	314.2	846.0	1.036.2
1994-95	420.2	26.7	446.9	87.7	6,9	94.6	508.0	33.5	541.5	95.0	181.2	393.1	782.5	1,029.5
1994-95	747.0	20.1	263.1	77.6	£ 4	84,0	420.6	26.5	447,2	76.3	118.8	252.8	614.7	776.2
July-March	343.0	20.1	363.1	77.6	6.4	84,0	420.0	20.5	447,2	70.3	110.0	2,12,0	014.7	7 7 0.2
1995-96 July-March	191.7	11.2	202.9	42.1	1.9	44.1	233.8	13.2	247.0	70.8	146.7	268.9	451.0	586.7
1995														
January	28.1	1.3	29,4	18,3	0.2	18.5	46.4	1.5	47.9	6.4	5.8	14.9	58.6	69.3
February	29.2	3.5	32.7	7.7		7,7	36.9	3.5	40.4	5.8	H.8	21.2	54.5	67.4
March	36.2	4.5	40.6	9.9	0.3	10.1	46.0	4.7	50.8	10.1	13.1	68.6 80.1	69.2 46.5	129.5 110.9
April	22.1	1.5	23.6	2.4		2.4	24.5	1.5	25.9 33.0	4,9 7.0	17.1 16.3	80.1 26.1	53.8	66.1
May	27.8	2.0	29.8	2.9	0.3	3.2	30.7	2.3 3.2	35.4	7.0 6.8	29.0	34.1	67.6	76.2
June	27.3	3.1	30 4 25.1	4.9 6.4	0.1 0.4	5.0 6.8	32,2 30,4	3.2 1.5	31.9	7.7	21.0	29,0	59.1	68.6
July	24.0 29.4	1.1 3.0	32.4	2.2	0.4	2.5	31.6	3.3	34.9	8.9	14.0	26.2	54.4	70.1
August	23.8	2.7	26.5	5.1	1.1	6.2	28.9	3.8	32.7	9.4	19.5	27.7	57.8	69.8
September October	22.7	0.6	23.4	4.1	1.1	4.1	26.8	0.6	27.4	8.3	33.7	62.8	68.6	98.4
November	18.4	0.1	18.5	8.1		8.1	26.5	0.1	26.6	7.6	8.3	26.8	42.4	61.0
December	17.7	0.8	18.5	3 7		3.7	21.3	0.8	22.2	6.5	9.4	20.7	37.3	49.4
1994														
January	16.9	0.5	17,4	3.2	0.1	3.4	20.1	0.6	20.8	7.1	19.8	28.0	47.0	55.9
February	19.2	1.8	21.0	5.9		5.9	25.0	1.8	26.8	6.4	9.4	14.5 33.2	40.7 43.7	47.7 <b>65</b> .7
March	19.6	0.5	20.1	3.6		3.6	23.2	0.5	23.7	8.9	11.7	33.£	43.7	<b>Q3</b> .7
						SOUTI	AUSTR	ALIA			<u> </u>			
1992-93	691.4	22.3	713.7	106.4	20.8	127.3	797.8	43.1	840.9	132.6	174.0	418.4	1,101.8	1,391.9
1993-94	695.1	27.5	722.6	98.5	17.8	116.3	793.6	45.3	838.9	122.2	208.4	375.2	1,122.8	1.336.3
1994-95	605.8	27.0	632.8	98.4	8.5	106.9	704.2	35.5	739.7	119.9	244.7	493.2	1,065.4	1,352.8
1994-95 July March	492.0	20.3	512.3	86.8	7.8	94.6	578.8	28.1	606.9	94,9	163.2	320.6	834.2	1,022.4
July-March 1995-96										_				
July-March	299 9	11.4	311.2	49.2	1.9	51.1	349.0	13.3	362.4	90.2	221.4	368.2	660.0	820.7
1995	41.4	1.3	42.9	18.8	0.2	19.0	60,4	1.5	61.9	8.0	7.2	23.4	75.5	93.4
January	41.6 44.1	3.7	47.8	8.5	0.2	8.6	52.6	3.7	56.3	7.5	16.8	26.8	76.9	90.6
February March	54.1	4.5	58,5	11.2	0.5	11.7	65.3	5.0	70.2	12.6	19.5	78.1	96.5	160.9
April	32.1	1.5	33.6	2.8	_	2.8	34.9	1.5	36.4	6.6	25.4	89.3	66.8	132.2
May	40.4	2.1	42.5	3.2	0.6	3.8	43.6	2.7	46.3	9.3	20.2	35.4	72.8	91.0
June	41.3	3.1	44.4	5.6	0.1	5.7	46.9	3.2	50.1	9.2	35.9	47.9	91.6	107.2
July	36.7	1.1	37.9	7.0	0.4	7.4	43.7	1.5	45.2	9.0	25.0	36.3	77.8	90.6
August	45.5	3.0	48.5	3.4	0.3	3.8	48.9	3.3	52.3	11.2	18.2	31.5	78.2	94.9
September	35.6	2.7	38.2	5.7	1.1	6.8	41.3	3.8	45.0	12.1	22.3	31.1	75.7	88.2
October	33.9	0.6	34.6	4.6	_	4.6	38.5	0.6	39.2	10.4	37.5	69.2	86.3	118.8
November	31.3	0.1	31.4	9.5	-	9.5	40.7	0.1	40.8	10.3 8.9	11.8 13.4	33.1 36.1	62.9 55.6	84.2 79.5
December	29.1	1.0	30.1	4.4		4.4	33.5	1.0	34.5	8.7	13.4	39.1	.19.0	€ <b>*</b> , , !
/ 996	25.2	0,5	25.7	3.3	0.1	3.5	28.6	0.6	29.2	8.5	55.3	64.4	92.3	102.1
January February	25.2 30.9	1.8	32.7	5.3 6.9	U.1	6.9	37.8	1.8	39.6	8.4	11.3	16.5	57.2	64.5
r eoruary March	31.7	0.5	32.2	4.4		4.4	36.0	0.5	36.5	11.4	26.6	49.9	73.9	97.8

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TABLE 3. NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AND TREND ESTIMATES (b)

		House	P.S		Total					
	Private sector		Total		Private sector	•	Total	Total		
Period	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate	Seasonally adjusted	Trend estimate		
1995										
January	643	652	673	691	933	796	933	836		
February	615	607	679	641	676	737	744	770		
March	636	560	661	590	800	672	812	700		
April	460	516	469	543	507	609	523	637		
May	463	480	477	505	521	<b>56</b> 1	552	591		
June	449	456	499	483	540	535	590	570		
July	416	44]	427	473	515	528	532	569		
August	475	435	502	467	540	533	588	574		
September	437	429	520	459	583	532	659	569		
October	448	420	451	445	542	520	551	550		
November	347	408	347	426	472	497	475	519		
December	429	398	443	412	466	473	492	489		
1996—										
January	367	391	366	403	422	454	407	464		
February	398	388	446	397	452	440	504	445		
March	402	389	390	395	454	430	430	430		

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 10-12 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) See paragraphs 16-23 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 4. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED AT AVERAGE 1989-90 PRICES (a) (S raillion)

		New residential building				Non-residential huilding		Total building		
	Houses		Other		and — additions to					
Period	Private sector	Total	residential buildings	Total	residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Tota	
1992-93	652.7	673.8	119.1	793.0	125.1	163.6	393.3	1,038.5	1,311.3	
1993-94	628.9	653.6	107.5	761.1	110.4	194.0	348.9	1,023.9	1.220.5	
1994-95	527.5	551.0	97.3	648.3	104.4	224.5	452.5	944.9	1.205.2	
1994										
Sept. qtr.	171.3	176.3	26.0	202.3	32.2	57.0	91.6	281.2	326.1	
Dec. qtr.	137.1	141.7	24.5	166.3	26.3	53.3	85.7	239.6	278.3	
1995—										
Mar. qtr.	120.4	128.6	35.7	164.3	24.2	39.9	117.7	219.1	306,2	
June qtr.	98.6	104.4	11.1	115.5	21.7	74.4	157.5	205.0	294.7	
Sept. qtr.	101.9	107.8	16.0	123.8	27.9	59.6	90.0	204.3	241.8	
Dec. qtr.	82.6	84.1	16.4	100.5	26.0	56.8	125.5	181.9	252.0	

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraphs 24 to 26 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.

TABLE 5. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND OWNERSHIP

		(\$ mil	Lion)				
Class of building	1993-94	1994-95	<u>July-Mar</u> 1994-95	<u>ch</u> 1995-96	7	1996	16
	1773-74	PRIVATE		1393-90	Jonuary	February	Marci
Year Land				244.2			
New houses	695.1	605.8	492.0	299.9	25.2	30.9	31.7
New other residential buildings	98.5	98.4	86.8	49.2	3.3	6.9	4.4
Total new residential building	793.6	704.2	578. <b>8</b>	349.0	28.6	37.8	36.6
Alterations and additions to	120.2	114.4	62.7	20.5	0.5		
residential buildings	120.7	116.6	92.2	89.5	8.5	8.1	11.4
Hotels, etc.	5.0	4,2	2.9	17.6	8.1	0,3	7,3
Shops	40.8	51.3	34.8	27.3	4.1	2.9	1.5
Factories	18.2	25.0	18.3	21.9	3.8	0.4	2.9
Offices	39.1	34.3	23.1	41.0	2.2	1.6	5.6
Other business premises	24.8	59.2	40.7	39.9	10.3	2.2	2.0
Educational	18.2	17.3	12.7	14.0	1.2	2.0	1.3
Religious	1.9	3.0	2.5	2.2		0.7	0,2
Health	26.9 15.9	26.5	13.4	38.1	23.7	0,4	0.6
Entertainment and recreational		9.7	8.2	14.2	1.8	0.2	5.0
Miscellaneous Total non-residential building	17.6 208.4	14.0 244.7	6.5 163.2	5.2 221.4	0.1 55.3	0.6 11.3	0.3 26.6
Total 7000-7 Essacrange Daniture	200.7	244.7	103.2	221.7	30.0	12.5	20.0
Total	1,122.8	1,065.4	834.2	660.0	92.3	57.2	73.9
		PUBLIC S	ECTOR				
New houses	27.5	27.0	20.3	11.4	0.5	1.8	
New other residential buildings	17.8	8.5	7.8	1.9	0.1		
Total new residential building	45.3	35.5	28.1	13.3	0.6	1.8	
Alterations and additions to							
residential buildings	1.5	3.3	2.7	0.6	_	0.3	
Hotels, etc.	0.9	0.4	0.2				
Shops	3.0	3.1	0.2 3.0	0.9	_	_	0.4
Factories	3.2	5.5	5.5	6.0	_		0.→
Offices	25.0	92.5	3.3 89.9	39.3	2.5	2.3	12.0
Other business premises	7.0	13.2	4.8	13.7	0.3	0.6	6.8
Educational	100.2	92.5	25.9	37.2	1.3	1.7	3.2
Religious		_					J.L
Health	9.5	16.0	8.7	7.1	4,4	0.2	
Entertainment and recreational	4.4	9.7	5.9	3.1			0.9
Miscellaneous	13.6	15.5	13.7	39.5	0.7	0.4	
Total non-residential building	166.8	248.6	157.4	146.8	9. I	5.2	23.3
Total	213.5	287.4	188.2	160.7	9.8	7.3	23.8
		TOTA		¥			
New houses	722.6	632.8	512.3	311.2	25.7	32.7	32.2
New other residential buildings	116.3	106.9	94.6	51.1	3.5	6.9	4.4
Total new residential building	838.9	739.7	606.9	362.4	29.2	39.6	36.5
Alterations and additions to							
residential buildings	122.2	119.9	94.9	90.2	8.5	8.4	11.4
Hotels, etc.	5.9	4.7	3.1	17.6	8.1	0.3	7.3
Shops	43.8	54.4	37.8	28.2	4. l	2.9	1.9
Factories	21.3	30.6	23.8	27.9	3.8	0.4	2.9
Offices	64.1	126.8	113.0	80.3	4.7	3.9	17.6
Other business premises	31.8	72.4	45.5	53.6	10.6	2.8	8.8
Educational	118.4	109.7	38.6	51.2	2.5	3.7	4.5
Religious	1.9	3.0	2.5	2.2	_	0.7	0.2
Health	36.4	42.6	22.0	45.1	28.1	0.6	0.6
Entertainment and recreational	20.4	19.4	14.2	17.2	1.8	0.2	5.9
Miscellaneous	31.2	29.6	20.2	44.7	0.8	1.0	0.3
Total non-residential building	375.2	493.2	320.6	368.2	64.4	16.5	49.9
Total	1,336.3	1,352.8	1,022.4	820.7	102.1	64.5	97.8
				·		-	

TABLE 6. NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING JOBS APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND VALUE SIZE GROUPS

-	\$50,000 to less than \$200,000		\$200,000 than \$50	to less	\$500,000 than \$		\$1m to than \$		\$5m a		Tota	ıl
Period	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Vaiue (Sm)
		•			HOTELS,	ETC.						
1996 January	1	0.1	_			_	4	8.0			5	8.1
February	3	0.3		_	_		_	—			3	0.3
March	3	0.3			· <del>-</del>				1	7.0	4	7.1
					SHOP	s 						
1996 January	8	0.6	l	0.2		_	l	3.3		_	10	4.1
February	11	1.2	3	1.1	1	0.7	_				15	2.9
March	8	0.7	2	0.7	. l	0.5		<del></del>				1.9
	<u> </u>				FACTOR		<del></del>					2.0
1996 January	4	0.3	_		_	_	1	3.5		-	5	3.8
February March	3 7	0.4 0.7	1	0.4	_	_	i	1.8	_		3 9	0.4 2.9
	•		<u> </u>		OFFICE							
1996 January	6	0.5	7	2.4	1	0.7	· I	1.0	-		15	4.7
February	15	1.5	4	1.2	_		l	1.2	_		20	3.9
March	10	0.9	7	1.8	3	2.1	3	5.3	<u> </u>	7.5	24	17.6
				OTHE	RBUSINES	S PREMISES	S					
1996 January	13	1.3	2	0.5	1	0.8	1	2.0	1	6.0	18	10.6
February	16	1.5	2	0.8	1	0.5		_		_	19	2.8
March	15	1.4	3	0.7	1	0,7	2	6.0		-	21	* * *
					EDUCATIO							
1996 January	6	0.7	ı	0.2	2	1.6		_			9	2.5
February	4	0.4	3	1.2	_		2	2.1			9 8	3.7 4.5
March	2	0.1	4	1.2	1	0.6		2.6				4
					RELIGIO							
1996 January	<del></del>	_	_		_	_	_	_	_			0.7
February	_	_	2 )	0.7 0.2		_		_		_	1	0.7
March			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U.Z		<del></del>			***			
			<u> </u>		HEALT			- <del>-</del>		22.5		28.1
1996 January	1	0.1	3	0.7	_		1 	3.8	1	23.5	6 4	20.1 0.6
February March	4 3	0.6 0.3	1	0.3			_				4	0.6
			F	NTERTAIN	MENT AND	RECREAT	IONAI.					
1996 January	<u> </u>	0.1			_	_	1	1.7		_	2	1.8
February	3	0.2		_	_		_		_		3	0.2
March	5	0.7	3	0.7	1	0.5	1	4.0	_	_	10	5.9
				N	(ISCELLA)	NEOUS						
1996 January	4	0,4	1	0.4	-				_		5 8	0.8 1.0
February March	6 3	0.5 0.3	<b>2</b> —	0.5		_	_	_	_		3	0.3
				ተጠቸል፤ አለነ	N.DESINE	TIAL BUILI	DING					
1996 January	44	4.1	15	4.4	4	3.1	10	23.3	2	29.5	75	64.4
February	65	6.6	16	5.5	2	1.2	3	3.3	_		86	16.5
March	56	5.3	22	5.9	7	4.4	8	19.8	2	14.5	95	49,9

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TABLE 7. NUMBER AND VALUE OF DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED BY MATERIAL OF OUTER WALLS MARCH 1996

	Private sector	r	Public sector	·	Total	
Particulars	Number	Value (\$`000)	Number	Value (\$`000)	Number	Value (\$ '000)
	AD	ELAIDE STATIST	ICAL DIVISION			
Houses —					•	1.162
Brick, stone or concrete	7	1,156	•		7	1.156
Brick-veneer	183	15.292	5	512	188	15,804
Timber	1	54			1	54
Fibre cement	2	101	_	_	2	101
Steel, aluminium or	_				2	107
other materials	2	107		_	29	2,871
Not stated	29	2.871	· ·-	_	27	24611
Total houses	224	19,581	5	512	229	20,093
Other residential haildings	31	3,601	_	_	31	3,601
Total residential buildings	255	23,182	5	512	260	23,694
		REST OF SOUTH	AUSTRALIA		<u></u> ,	
Houses Brick, stone or concrete	28	2.241	_ ·	_	28	2,241
Brick-veneer	68	5,707	_	_	68	5,707
Timber	15	1,026	<del></del>	· <del></del>	15	1,026
Fibre cement	22	1,241	<del></del>		22	1,241
Steel, aluminium or						
other materials	3	219		_	3	219
Not stated	28	1,646	_	_	28	1,646
Total houses	164	12,081	-	_	164	12.081
Other residential buildings	10	762		_	10	762
Total residential buildings	174	12,843		_	174	12,843
		TOTAL SOUTH	AUSTRALIA			
		· <del></del>				
Houses —	35	3,397	_	_	35	3,397
Brick, stone or concrete	251	20,999	5	5 <del>1</del> 2	256	21,511
Brick-veneer	16	1,079			16	1,079
Timber	24	1,343			24	1,343
Fibre cement Steel, aluminium or		- +				
other materials	5	326	_		5	326
Not stated	57	4,518	_	-	57	4,518
Total houses	388	31,662	5	512	393	32,174
Other residential buildings	41	4,364	_		41	4,364
Total residential buildings	429	36,026	5	512	434	36,538

<sup>(</sup>a) Comprises new houses and dwelling units in new other residential buildings.

TABLE 8. SUMMARY OF BUILDING APPROVED BY STATISTICAL DIVISION, MARCH 1996

		Dwelling u	mits in new re.	sidential buita	lings (a)	-			
	Hous	es	Othe residen buildir	tial	Tota	d .	Alterations und additions	Non-	
Statistical division	Number	Value (\$'000)	Number	Value (\$ 000)	Number	Value (3'000)	residential buildings (\$°000)	residential building (\$ 000)	Total (\$`000)
		PRI	VATE SECT	OR					
Adelaide	224	19,581	31	3,601	255	23,182	8,864	11,700	43,746
Outer Adelaide	63	4,731	4	280	67	5,010	804	11,519	17,333
Yorke and Lower North	24	1.656	2	78	26	1,734	407	131	2,273
Murray Lands	21	1.506	2	125	23	1.631	298	545	2,473
South East	29	2,354	_	_	29	2,354	421	2,120	4,896
Eyre	12	771	2	280	14	1.051	209	351	1,611
Northern	15	1,062			15	1,062	350	190	1,602
South Australia	388	31,662	41	4,364	429	36,026	11,353	26,555	73,934
		PUI	BLIC SECT	)R					
Adelaide	5	512		_	5	512	_	21,471	21,983
Outer Adelaide	_	_	_	_	_		_	1,801	1,801
Yorke and Lower North	_							_	_
Murray Lands	_				-		_	50	50
South East	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_
Еуте	_		_		_		_	_	_
Northern	_					_	_	_	_
South Australia	5	512	_	_	5	512	_	23,321	23,833
			TOTAL						
Adelaide	229	20,093	31	3,601	260	23,694	8,864	33,170	65,729
Outer Adelaide	63	4.731	4	280	67	5,010	804	13,320	19,134
Yorke and Lower North	24	1,656	2	78	26	1,734	407	131	2,273
Murray Lands	21	1,506	2	125	23	1,631	298	595	2,523
South East	29	2,354	· <b>—</b>		29	2,354	421	2.120	4,896
Eyre	12	771	2	280	14	1,051	209	351	1,611
Northern	15	1,062	_	_	15	1,062	350	190	1,602
South Australia	393	32,174	41	4,364	434	36,538	11,353	49,877	97,767
					_				

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 9. NEW DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED, BY TYPE AND STATISTICAL DIVISION, MARCH 1996

				N	ew other reside	ential building	3			
	_	Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. of			Flats, w	nits or apartn	nents in a besildir	ng of		Total new
Statistical division	New houses	1 storey	2 or more storeys	Total	1-2 storeys	3 storeys	4 or more storeys	Total	Total	residential building
			NUMBEI	R OF DWE	LLING UNITS	5				
Adelaide	229	19	12	31		_	_	_	31	260
Outer Adelaide	63	4		4	_	_		_	4	67
Yorke and Lower North	24	2	_	2	_	-			2	26
Murray Lands	21	2		2	_	_	_		2	23
South East	29	_		_	<del></del> -	_			_	29
Eyre	12		2	2	_				2	14
Northern	15	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	15
South Australia	393	27	14	41		_	_	_	41	434
				VALUE (\$	1000)					
Adelaide	20.093	1,350	2.252	3,60)			_	_	3,601	23,694
Outer Adelaide	4,731	280	· —	280	_	_			280	5,010
Yorke and Lower North	1,656	78	_	78	_	_		_	78	1,734
Murray Lands	1,506	125		125		_	_		125	1.631
South East	2,354		_		_	_	_		_	2.354
Eyre	771	-	280	280		_		_	280	1,051
Northern	1.062		_	_		_	—	_	-	1,062
South Australia	32,174	1.832	2,532	4,364	_	_		_	4,364	36,538

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

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TABLE 10. BUILDING APPROVED BY SELECTED STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA, MARCH 1996

	New residential buildings (a)					Alterations - und additions to	Non-residential building			
	Houses			Other residential buildings						
Statistical local area	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$`000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	residential buildings (\$'000)	Private sector (\$ 000)	Total (\$'000)	Total building (\$7000)
		ADEI	AIDE S'I	TATISTIC	AL DIVISI	ON				
Adelaide (C)			_	2		1,100	562	3,082	6,254	7,916
Brighton (C)	×		963	7		882	241	160	2,800	4,886
Burnside (C)	- ii		1.574	4	_	370	1,103	130	130	3.177
Campbelltown (C)	11	_	1.084	4		185	159		_	1.427
East Torrens (DC)			_				194	_		194
Elizabeth (C)		_			_		_	_	241	
Enfield (C) Pt A & Pt B	6		428				163	200	200	792
Gawler (M)	4		334	_	-		43	60	60	437
Glenelg (C)	5		250	2		120	35	460	460	865
Happy Valley (C)	15		1.450	•		_	554			2,003 259
Henley & Grange (C)			( /07	_			259 912	605	8,305	10,824
Hindmarsh and Woodville (C)	16	_	1.607	_	_	150	18	603 75	8.305 75	300
Kensington & Norwood (C)	1 10	-	57 791	2		150	344	1,250	1,250	2,385
Marion (C)	<b>10</b> 1	<del></del>	110				740	300	300	1,150
Mitcham (C)	43	_	2,607	_			20	300/		2,627
Munno Para (C) Noariunga (C)	13	_	1,065		_		226	380	510	1,801
Payneham (C)	_				_	_	272		_	272
Port Adelaide (C)	5	_	597	_		_	160	320	588	1.344
Prospect (C)	4		455	_			227	750	1,290	1,972
St Peters (M)				_		_	57			57
Salisbury (C)	13	_	925	_	_		124	1,676	8,164	9.213
Stirling (DC)	I	_	110	_	_		285	527	527	922
Tea Tree Gully (C)	37	5	3.997	_	_		740	900	1.192	5,929
Thebarton (M)	1		47	_	_	_	195	325	325	567
Unley (C)	4	_	434	4	_	400	787	200	200	1,821
Walkerville (M)	1		110	_	_		270		200	380
West Torrens (C)	7	_	484	6	_	395	160	250	250	1.288
Willunga (DC)	7	_	614	_		_	16	50	50	680
Unincorporated		_		_	_					
Adelalde (SD)	224	5	20,093	31		3,601	R,864	11,700	33,170	65,729
			RES	OF STA	ГЕ		<b>-</b>			
Barossa (DC)	3		256				11			266
Light (DC)	3	_	244	_		_	39	50	1.200	1,483
Mailala (DC)	3		170		_	_	20			190
Mount Barker (DC)	7	<del></del>	540		_	<del></del>	180	- 260	360	720
Mount Gambier (C)	16	_	1,186		_		7 <b>x</b>	260	260 345	1,524 920
Murray Bridge (RC)	9	_	543	_	_	_	32 13	345	343	339
Northern Yorke Peninsula (DC)	4	_	326	_	_	-	104	-		370
Port Augusta (C)	. 4		266 571	_	_	_	114	_		684
Port Elliot & GoolWa (DC)	9		571 58	- 2	_	280	55	351	351	743
Port Lincoln (C)	'			_	_		22			
Port Pirie (C) Roxby Downs (M)	 l	· 	86	_		_		80	80	166
Strathalbyn (DC)	3		186	_	_	_		70	70	256
Victor Harbor (DC)	17		1,209	_		_	20			1.229
Whyalla (C)	5		393	_	<del></del>	_	123			516
Other	79	_	6.048	8		482	1,701	13,700	14,400	22,632
Rest of State	164		12,081	10		762	2,489	14,856	16,706	32,038
			SOUTI	I AUSTR	ALIA					
South Australia	388	5	32,174	41		4,364	11,353	26,555	49,877	97,767

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes Conversions, etc. (C) Municipality with city status. (DC) District Council. (M) Municipality. (RC) Rural City. (SD) Statistical Division.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTES

#### Introduction

The second secon

This publication contains monthly details of building work approved.

2. For purposes of comparison, it should be noted that statistics of building approvals are affected from month to month by large projects (e.g. blocks of flats, multi-storey office buildings) approved in particular months and also by the administrative arrangements of government authorities.

#### Scope and coverage

- Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:
  - (a) permits issued by local authorities in areas subject to building control by those authorities; and
  - (b) contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, semi-government and local government authorities;
  - (c) major building activity which takes place in areas not subject to the normal administrative approval processes (e.g. buildings on remote mine sites).
- 4. The statistics relate to building activity which includes construction of new buildings, and alterations and additions to existing buildings. Construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks etc.) is excluded from this publication, but can be found in the ABS publication Engineering Construction Survey (8762.0).
- 5. In relation to work carried out on existing buildings, the statistics include details of non-structural renovation and refurbishment work and the installation of integral building fixtures for which building approval was obtained.
- 6. From July 1990, the statistics cover:
  - (a) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$10,000 or more (previously \$5,000 or more)
  - approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more
  - (c) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more (previously \$30,000 or more).

These changes in coverage do not have a statistically significant effect on broad building approvals aggregate data. However, care should be taken in interpreting data for specific classes of non-residential building.

#### **Definitions**

- 7. A building is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design to satisfy its intended use, is the provision for regular access by persons.
- 8. A dwelling unit is defined as a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long term residential use. Units (whether self-contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care such as hospitals or temporary accommodation, such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of non-residential buildings' approved.

- 9. A residential building is defined as a building predominantly consisting of one or more dwelling units. Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings.
  - (a) A house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. Thus detached granny flats and detached dwelling units such as caretaker's residences associated with non-residential buildings are defined as houses for the purpose of these statistics.
  - (b) An other residential building is defined as a building which is predominantly used for long term residential purposes and which contains (or has attached to it) more than one dwelling unit (e.g. includes townhouses, duplexes, apartment buildings etc.).
- 10. From the January 1995 issue of this publication, the number of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to or conversions of existing residential or non-residential buildings and as part of the construction of non-residential building is shown separately in Table 1 under the heading of 'Conversions, etc.', and is included in the total number of dwelling units shown in the table. Previously, such dwellings were only included as a footnote.
- 11. In addition, from the January 1995 issue, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved, shown in Table 3, include these conversions, etc. Previously, only dwelling units approved as part of the construction of new residential buildings were included in these estimates.
- 12. The value of new residential building approved continues to exclude the value of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to or conversions of existing residential or non-residential building. Approved building work represented by these conversions, etc. jobs continues to be included in the value of alterations and additions to residential buildings or in the value of non-residential building as appropriate.
- 13. Value data are derived by aggregation of the estimated value (when completed) of building work (excluding value of land and landscaping but including site preparation) as reported on approval documents. For 'houses', these estimates are usually a reliable indicator of the completed value of the building. However, for 'other residential buildings' and 'non-residential buildings' these estimates can differ significantly from the completed value of the building.

#### **Building classification**

- 14. Ownership of a building is classified as either Public Sector or Private Sector according to the sector of the intended owner of the completed building as evident at the time of approval. Residential buildings being constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes whereby the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the buildings on or before completion, are classified as public sector.
- 15. Functional classification of buildings: a building is classified according to its intended major function. Hence a building which is ancillary to other buildings or forms a part of a group of related buildings is classified to the function of the building and not to the function of the group as a whole. An example of this can be seen in the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. In this case a detached administration building would be classified to Offices, a detached cafeteria building to Shops, while factory buildings

would be classified to Factories. An exception to this rule is the treatment of group accommodation buildings e.g. a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to Educational.

#### Seasonal adjustment

- 16. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised.
- 17. Table 3 shows seasonally adjusted estimates for both private and total dwellings. For the four series shown, account has been taken of normal scasonal factors and 'trading day' effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for different months.
- 18. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of the approval of large projects or as a consequence of the administrative arrangements of approving authorities. These irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
- 19. Most of the component series have been seasonally adjusted independently. Therefore, the adjusted components may not add to the adjusted totals. Further, the difference between independently seasonally adjusted series does not necessarily produce series which are optimum or even adequate adjustments of the similarly derived original series. Thus the figures which can be derived by subtracting seasonally adjusted private sector dwelling units from the seasonally adjusted total should not be used to represent seasonally adjusted public sector dwelling units.
- 20. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's data. For Building Approvals, the results of the latest review are shown in the July issue each year. Further information about seasonal adjustment can be obtained from the Assistant Director of Time Series Analysis, Canberra, on (06) 252 6345.

#### Trend estimates

- 21. Seasonally adjusted series can be smoothed to reduce the impact of the irregular component in the adjusted series. This smoothed seasonally adjusted series is called a trend estimate.
- 22. Table 3 shows trend estimates for both private and total dwellings. These are obtained by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months of the respective seasonally adjusted series except the last six months. Trend series are created for the last six months by applying surrogates of the Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted time series. For further information, see A Guide to Interpreting Time Series Monitoring 'Trends': an Overview (1348.0).
- 23. While the smoothing technique described in paragraphs 21 and 22 enables trend estimates to be produced for the latest few months, it does result in revisions to the trend estimates as new data become available. Generally, revisions become smaller over time and after three months, usually have a negligible impact on the series. Revisions to the original data and re-analysis of seasonal factors may also lead to revisions to the trend.

#### Estimates at constant prices

- 24. Estimates of the quarterly value of building approvals at average 1989–90 prices are presented in Table 4. (Note: monthly value data at constant prices are not available.)
- 25. Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been eliminated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates are derived from the same price data underlying the deflators compiled for the dwelling and non-dwelling construction components of the national accounts aggregate 'Gross fixed capital expenditure'.
- 26. Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. Further information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates is contained in Chapter 4 of Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).

#### Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC)

27. Area statistics are now being classified to the Australian Standard Geographical Classification, Edition 2.5 (1216.0) and ASGC terminology has been adopted in the presentation of building statistics.

#### Unpublished data and related publications

- 28. The ABS can also make available certain building approvals data which are not published. Where it is not practicable to provide the required information by telephone, data can be provided in the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, computer printout and clerically extracted tabulation. A charge may be made for providing unpublished information in these forms.
- 29. Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

Building Approvals, Australia (8731.0) – issued monthly Dwelling Unit Commencements Reported by Approving Authorities, South Australia (8741.4) – issued monthly Building Activity, Australia: Dwelling Unit Commencements, Preliminary (8750.0) – issued quarterly Building Activity, South Australia (8752.4) – issued quarterly

30. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Release Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

#### Symbols and other usages

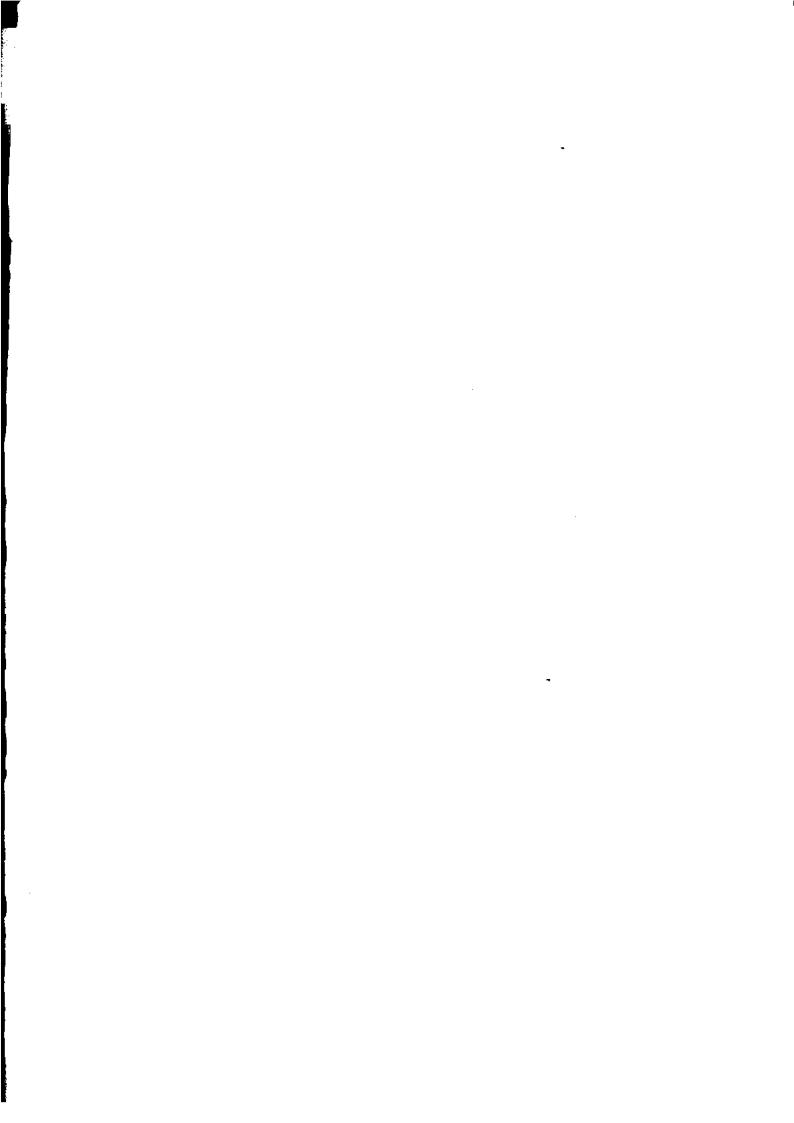
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31. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

P.M. GARDNER
Deputy Commonwealth Statistician
and Government Statist





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